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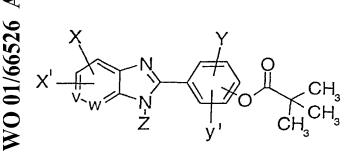
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(54) Title: ESTER DERIVATIVES OF DIMETHYLPROPIONIC ACID AND PHARMACETUICAL COMPOSITIONS CONTAINING THEM

(I)



(57) Abstract: The present invnetion relates to esters of 2,2-dimethylpropionic acid having the general formula (I) or pharmacological acceptable salts thereof, as well as to pharmacetical ocmpositons containing said compounds and having an inhibitory activity of elastase.



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Ester derivatives of dimethylpropionic acid and pharmaceutical compositions containing them

The present invention relates to new esters of 2,2-dimethylpropionic acids, to the use thereof as agents having an inhibitory activity of elastase and to pharmaceutical compositions containing these compounds or a pharmaceutically cceptable salt thereof.

More particularly, the object of the invention consists in compounds of general formula (I),

$$X' \xrightarrow{X} V \xrightarrow{X} O \xrightarrow{CH_3} CH_3$$

$$Z \xrightarrow{Z} V \xrightarrow{Y} O \xrightarrow{CH_3} CH_3$$

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, where

x and x' represent a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group in C1-C4, an halogen atom or a group nitro;

y and y' represent a hydrogen atom, a group alkyl in C1-C4, a group alkoxy in C1-C4, an halogen atom or a group dialkyl(C1-C4)amino;

z represents a hydrogen atom, a dialkyl(C1-C4) aminoalkyl(C1-C4) group or a piperidinyl-alkyl(C1-C4) group; and

v and w represent a carbon atom bound to a hydrogen atom (CH) or a nitrogen atom substituted or not.

More particularly, in the above formula (I), the definition of the substituents may be the following:

x and/or x' represent the group methyl or nitro, or a chlorine atom;

y and/or y' represent the group methyl, methoxy, nitro or diethylamino, or a chlorine, a bromine or a fluorine atom; and z represents a group dimethylaminoethyl, dimethylaminopropyl, diisopropylaminoethyl or piperidinyl-ethyl.

In these compounds of formula (I), v or w may represent a nitrogen atom substituted by a group methyl, ethyl, benzyl, piperidinyl-ethyl, piperidinyl-propyl, bis(fluorophenyl)methyl-piperazinyl-ethyl or bis(fluorophenyl)methyl-piperazinyl-propyl.

Some specific examples of the compounds of the present invention, without setting a limit to it, are the followings:

- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-ethoxy-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2,6-dimethoxy-phenyl ester
- 2.2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-chloro-phenyl ester
  - 2.2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzoimidazol-2-yl)-2-nitro-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-nitro-6-methoxy-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-chloro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-chloro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-methoxy-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5,6-dimethyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-methoxy-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5,6-dimethyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-methoxy-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-6-methoxy-2-nitro-phenyl ester

- 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[1-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl] phenyl ester.
- 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 2-bromo-4-[1-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl]phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[1-(2-dimethylaminopropyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl]phenyl ester, dihydrogen oxalate
- 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[1-(2-diisopropylaminoethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl]phenyl ester.
- 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[5,6-dichloro-1-(2-dimethylaminoethyl) 1Hbenzimidazol-2-yl] phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[5,6-dimethyl-3-(2-piperidin-1-yl-ethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl] phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 2-fluoro-4-[1-(2-piperidin-1-yl ethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl] phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4-chloro-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-5-chloro-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4,6-dichloro-phenyl-ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-6-methoxy-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5-chloro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(-5-chloro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-5-diethylamino-
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5,6-dimethyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4-chloro-phenyl
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5,6-dimethyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-diethylamino-
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4-chloro-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-6-methyl-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 5-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-6-methoxy-phenyl ester

- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4-nitro-phenyl ester
- 2.2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(5-chloro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(5,6-dimethyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
- 2.2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4-nitro-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-2-yl)-2-methoxy-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(3H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(3H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl)-2-methoxy-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(3H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-(5-methyl-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl) phenyl ester.
- 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-(5-ethyl-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl) phenyl ester, hydrogen oxalate
- 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-(5-benzyl-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl)phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[5-(2-piperidin-1-yl ethyl)-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl] phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[5-(2-piperidin-1-yl propyl)-5H-imidazo[4,5-c] pyridin-
- 2- dihydrogen oxalate yl] phenyl ester
- 2, 2-dimethylpropionic acid 4-[5-(3-{4-[bis-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-methyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-ethyl)-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl]-phenyl-ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-[5-(3-{4-[bis-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-methyl]-piperazin-1-
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-[(1-H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2,2-dimethyl-propionyloxy]-phenyl ester

The new compounds can be obtained with usual known methods, which are already described in the literature, for the esterification of phenolic derivatives, with

2,2-dimethylpropionic acid or its corresponding acid chloride or anhydride. In that way, a compound with general formula (II)

$$X' \xrightarrow{X}_{V_W} N$$
 $Z' \xrightarrow{V_V}_{V_V} OH$ 
 $Z' \xrightarrow{V_V}_{V_V} OH$ 

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where x, x', y, y', z, v and w are as defined above, is reacted with 2,2-dimethylpropionic acid or its acid chloride or its anhydride to afford a compound with general formula (I).

The methods used for esterification of the general formula (II) compounds, with 2,2-dimethylpropionic acid derivatives can be those described for example in EP patents 0 649 846 or 0 347 168.

More generally, the following methods used to obtain the intermediate compounds with general formula (II) can be mentioned:

- Haugwitz, R.D.; Maurer, B.V.; Jacobs, G.A.; Marayanan, V.L.;
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The pharmacologically acceptable salts produced by addition of acids to the compounds with general formula (I) are prepared in the conventional way, that is through addition to a free base (I) solution or suspension, of one or two equivalents of a pharmacologically acceptable organic or inorganic acid. Examples of acids are: hydrochloric, hydrobromic, sulfuric, phosphoric, acetic, citric, oxalic, malonic, salycilic, malic, lactic, *p*-toluensulphonic, gluconic, fumaric, succinic, ascorbic, maleic, methanesulphonic and benzenesulphonic. The salts afforded by addition of acids can be advantageous, due to some of their physical properties just as high solubility in polar solvents like, for example, water. This would facilitate preparations which include the product administration dissolved in water.

The compounds (I) of the present patent can be used as pharmaceutical agents having an inhibitory activity of elastase, and therefore be administered either solely, or more generally mixed with a pharmacological coadjuvant, chosen in agreement with the administration way and the standard pharmacological practice. For example, they can be administered by oral via in form of either tablets which contain excipients, just as starch or lactose, or capsules, solely or mixed with excipients, or sirups or suspensions which contain colorant or aromatic agents. Also, they can be injected by parenteral via, for example, intramuscular, intravenous or subcutaneously. In the parenteral administration, they can be used preferably in the form of sterile aqueous solution, which can contain another solutes, for example, glucose or any salt, in order to make the solution isotonic.

The pharmacological compositions will be able to contain a quantity of some of the compounds with general formula (I), so that the dose level administrated is comprised between 0,001 and 10 mg/kg. The active principle quantity in each dose form will be comprised approximately between 0.05 and 1 mg or between

0.1 and 99% by weight of the preparation, preferably between 2 and 50% by weight for oral preparations. The active substance dose per day depends on the administration form. In general, between 50 and 100mg/day are administered by oral via. While the intramuscular administration can be provided in a single dose or divided in up to 3 doses, the intravenous administration can include a dropper for its dosification in continuous. Necessarily, there will be variations which would depend on the weight and subject conditions to be treated and the particular administration via.

The following examples illustrate the present invention without setting limits to it:

# Example 1 Application of the real process of the process of the content of the co

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-phenyl ester

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Initially, 35 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 20 g (0.095 mol) of 2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole in 115 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath. Then, 11.47 g (0.095 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were dropwise added. Once the adition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 4 additional hours. Finally, 100 mL of ethyl eter were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off, and the remaining liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>0 (2 x 250 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Then, after evaporating the solvent under reduced pressure, the product was isolated as a white solid with m.p. 308-10°C (recrystallized in ethanol) with a yield of 85 %.

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# Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>18</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>

 % C
 % H
 % N

 Calculated:
 73.45
 6.16
 9.52

 Found:
 73.34
 6.37
 9.31

# Example 2

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-ethoxy-phenyl ester

Initially, 14 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 10 g (0.039 mol) of 2-(3-ethoxy-4-hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole in 47 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and then, 4.74 g (0.039 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about O°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 7 hours. At the end, 75 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off, and the liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 100 mL). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was isolated as a solid with m.p. 180-1°C (recrystallized in ethanol) with a yield of 52%.

<b>Quantitative Analysis:</b>		Calcu	lated for C	$_{20}H_{22}N_2O_3$
State In the second		% C	% H	% N
Calculated:		70:99	6.55	8.28
Found:	•	70.69	6.61	8.07

# Example 3

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2,6-dimethoxy-phenyl ester

Initially, 7 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 5 g (0.018 mol) of 2-(3,5-dimethoxy-4-hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole in 23 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 2.23 g (0.018 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about O°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 6 hours. Finally, 40 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off, and the liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 100 mL). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>; the solvent removed under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 243-5 °C (recrystallized in methanol) with a yield of 45%.

Quantitative A	nalysis: Calculated for C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>22</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	\$2. 3" '
and the state of t	~ ************************************	100
Calculated:	67.78 6.26 7.90	
Found:	67.48 6.39 7.72	
	ा । त्रापुरुषान्त्रिकाम्यान सुराद ग्री इस्तेताका त्राणि स्थान वर्षसूत्र व वर्षाक्षितिहरू विकास वर्षा वर्षा वर्	1 1

# , Example 4 of the distriction of the successful distriction of the basis of the distriction

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-chloro-phenyl ester

Initially, 13.5 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 8.76 g (0.036 mol) of 2-(3-chloro-4-hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole in WO 01/66526

45 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 4.32 g (0.036 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes, and then, at room temperature for 4 hours. After that, 75 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off, and the liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>0 (2 x 100 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 206-8°C (recrystallized in methanol) with a yield of 74%, with 1/2 methanol molecule.

Quantitative A	nalysis. C	s. Calculated for C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>I7</sub> CIN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> .1/2CH <sub>4</sub> O						
				% C	% H	% N		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Calculated:			64.44	5.55	8.12		
1 34.	Found:			64.35	6.20	7.97		

# Example 5

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzoimidazol-2-yl)-2-nitro-phenyl ester

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & \\ & & \\ &$$

Initially, 12 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 8 g (0.031 mol) of 2-(3-nitro-4-hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole in 40 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath. Then, 3.78 g (0.031 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about 0 °C for 30 minutes, and next, at room temperature for 4 hours. After that, 70 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 100 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent removed under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 185-7 °C (recrystallized in methanol) with a yield of 65%.

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Quantitative Analysis:	Calculated for C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>			
	% C	% H	% N	
Calculated:	63.71	5.05	12.38	
Found:	63 69	5 28	12.24	

# Example 6

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-nitro-6-methoxy-phenyl ester

Initially, 13.5 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 10 g (0.035 mol) of 2-(4-hydroxy-5-methoxy-3-nitrophenyl)benzimidazole in 45 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and then, 4.23 g (0.035 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and next, at room temperature for 8 hours. Finally, 45 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the remaining liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 200 mL). The organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent removed under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 190-2°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 50%.

Quantitative Analysis:	Calculated for C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>19</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>5</sub>			
Back and a control of the control of	% C	% H	% N	
Calculated:	61.78	5.18	11.38	
Found:	62.02	5.51	11.04	

# Example 7

2;2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-Chloro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester

$$\begin{array}{c|c} CI & & CH_3 \\ N & & CH_3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Initially, 13.5 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 8.76 g (0,036 mol) of 2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-5-chlorobenzimidazole in 45 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and then, 4.32 g (0.036 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 8 hours. After such a time, 75 mL of ethyl eter were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off, and the remaining liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>0 (2 x 100 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 247-9°C (recrystallized in ethanol) with a yield of 69%.

nor agent and you in Quantitative Analysis	Calculat	ed for C <sub>18</sub> H	I <sub>17</sub> CIN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>
	% C	% H	% N
Calculated:	65. <b>75</b> %		
マンス集出名の作品 Found: A section からたごか	66.04	5.04	8.43

#### Example 8

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-Chloro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-methoxy-phenyl

Initially, 15 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 10 g (0.036 mol) of 2-(4-hydroxy-3-methoxyphenyl)-5-chlorobenzimidazole in 50

mL of anhydrous  $CH_2Cl_2$ , using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and then, 2.43 g (0.020 mol) of trimethylacetyl chloride. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 4 hours. After such a time, 50 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered and the liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 125 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ , the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. = 197-9°C (recristallized in methanol) with a yield of 71%.

# Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>19</sub>ClN<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>

	% C	% H	% IN
Calculated:	63.60	5.34	7.81
Found:	63.58	5.43	7.80

# Example 9

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5,6-dimethyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester

Initially, 13.5 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 8.54 g (0.036 mol) of 2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-5,6-dimethylbenzimidazole in 45 mL of anhydrous  $CH_2Cl_2$  using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 4.32 g (0.036 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about 0 °C for 30 minutes and next, at room temperature for 8 hours. After that, 75 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 100 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ , the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 231-3 °C (recrystallized in ethanol/water) with a yield of 59%.

Quantitative Analysis:	Calculated for C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>22</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>		
	% C	% H	% N
Calculated:	74.51	6.88	8.69
Found:	74.26	7.35	8.62

### Example 10

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester

$$H_3C$$
 $N$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 

Initially, 16 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise top a stirred solution composed of 10 g (0.045 mol) of 2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-5-methylbenzimidazole in 55 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 5.38 g (0.045 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and, then, at room temperature for 14 hours. Finally, 100 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 125 mL). The organic phase were dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent removed under reduced pressure and the product was isolated as a solid with m.p. 235-7°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate with a yield of 55 %),

Quantitative Analysis:		Calculated for C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>20</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>		
		% C	% H	% N
gia din	Calculated:	74.00	6.54	9.08
1 4 7	Found:	74.32	6.61	9.19

# Example 11

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-methoxy-phenyl ester

Initially, 15 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 10 g (0.039 mol) of 2-(4-hydroxy-3-methoxyphenyl)-5-methylbenzimidazole in 50 mL of anhydrous  $CH_2Cl_2$ , using external cooling with an ice water bath. Then, 4.74

g (0.024 mol) of trimethylacetyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, teh mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and, next, at room temperature for 4 hours. At the end, 50 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off, and the liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 100 mL). The organic phase was dried over  $Na_2SO_4$ , the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure and the product obtained as a solid with m.p. 186-8°C (recrystallized in n-hexane/ethyl acetate 1:1) with a yield of 59%.

Quantitative Analysis:	Calculat	ed for C <sub>20</sub> ł	$1_{22}N_2O_3$
	% C	% H	% N
Calculated:	70.99	6.55	8.28
Found:	70.98	6.61	8.02

# Example 12

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5,6-dimethyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-methoxy-

$$H_3C$$
 $H_3C$ 
 $H_3C$ 
 $H_3C$ 
 $H_3C$ 
 $H_3C$ 
 $H_3C$ 
 $H_3C$ 
 $H_3C$ 

Initially, 14 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 10 g (0.037 mol) of 2-(4-hydroxy-3-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dimethylbenzimidazole in 50 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and then, 4.49 g (0.037 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes, and then, at room temperature for 4 hours. After such a time, 50 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off, and the liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 100 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. = 177-9°C (recrystallized in n-hexane/ethyl acetate 1:1) with a yield of 70%.

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Quantitative Analysis:	Calculated for C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>24</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>			
	% C	% H	% N	
Calculated:	71.57	6.86	7.95	
Found:	71.03	7.10	7.69	

## Example 13

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester

Initially, 0,5 g (0.004 mol) of 4-dimethylaminopyridine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 10.21 g (0.04 mol) of 2-(4-hydroxy)-5-nitrobenzimidazole in 60 mL of anhydrous CHCl<sub>3</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 7.45 g (0.04 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl anhydride. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 12 hours. After such a time, about 40 ml of the solvent were evaporated under reduced pressure, and the resultant mixture was cooled at –10°C overnight. Then, the crystallized product was separated by filtration, yielding a solid with m.p. 198-200°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 33%.

Quantitative Analysis:		Calculated for C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		. % C	% H	% N
Calculated:	. •	63.71	5.05	12.38
Found:		63.19	5.23	12.20

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#### Example 14

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2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-6-methoxy-2-nitro-phenyl ester

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O_2N & & & & \\ & & & \\ N & & & \\ NO_2O & & CH_3 \\ & & & CH_3 \end{array}$$

Initially, 11 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 10 g (0.03 mol) of 2- (4-hydroxy-5-methoxy-3-nitrophenyl)-5-nitrobenzimidazole in 38 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 3.65 g (0.03 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 8 hours. Then, 40 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 175 mL). Finally, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was isolated as a solid with m.p. 243-5°C (recrystallized in n-hexane/ethyl acetate 1:1) with a yield of 49%.

Quantitative Analysis	C	alcula	ted for C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>1</sub>	<sub>8</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O <sub>7</sub>
	and the second of the second o	% C	% H	% N
Calculated:		55.07	4.38	13.52
Found:	` <i>5</i>	55.08	4.39	13.24

# Example 15

2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[1-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl] phenyl ester. (MAH-1)

To a stirred solution of the 4-[1-(2-dimethylamino-ethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl]phenol (0.5 g, 1.78 mmol) and NaOH (0.36 g, 8.89 mmol) in dry CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 mL) at room temperature was added pivaloyl chloride (0.32 g, 2.67 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 5 h and then H<sub>2</sub>O (50 mL) was added. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2x25 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gelaphical silical gelaphical with EtOAc/acetone (5/1) to give a white solid, which was recrystallized from diethyl ether, and had a melting point of 107-109 °C. Yield: 86%

Quantitative Analysis:	Calc	cula	ted	for (	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>27</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> (3	65.48 g/r	nol). 💎 🦠
					% C	% H	% N
Calculated:					72.30	7.45	11.50
Found:	1.4		14		72.49	7.50	11.20

# Example 16

2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 2-Bromo-4-[1-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl]phenyl ester. (MAH-4)

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To a stirred solution of the 2-bromo-4-[1-(2-dimethylamino-ethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl]phenol (0.65 g, 1.78 mmol) and NaOH (0.36 g, 8.89 mmol) in dry CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 mL) at room temperature was added pivaloyl chloride (0.32 g, 2.67 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 5 h and then H<sub>2</sub>O (50 mL) was added. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2x25 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel, using as eluent EtOAc/acetone (5/1) to give a white solid, which was recrystallized from hexane, giving a melting point of 117-118 °C. Yield: 75%.

<b>Quantitative Analysis</b>	: Calculated for	C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>29</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> (3	79.50 g/mol):
	%C	%H	%N
Calculated		5.90	9.46
Found	59.08	5.78	9.86

# Example 17

2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[1-(2-dimethylaminopropyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl]phenyl ester, dihydrogen oxalate. (MAH-2)

$$\begin{array}{c} H_{\downarrow} \\ N \\ N \\ N \\ O \\ CH_{3} \\ CH_{3} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} CH_{3} \\ CH_{3} \\ CH_{3} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} CH_{3} \\ CH_{3} \\ CH_{3} \end{array}$$

To a stirred solution of the 4-[1-(2-dimethylamino-propyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl]phenol (0.52 g, 1.78 mmol) and NaOH (0.36 g, 8.89 mmol) in dry  $CH_2Cl_2$  (50 mL) at room temperature was added pivaloyl chloride (0.32 g, 2.67 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 5 h and then  $H_2O$  (50 mL) was added. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with  $CH_2Cl_2$  (2x25 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over  $Na_2SO_4$  and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel ,

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eluting with acetone to give a colourless oil, which was isolated as oxalate. The salt was recristallyzed from EtOH, giving a melting point of 157-159 °C. Yield: 54%

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>33</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>10</sub>.H<sub>2</sub>O (577.59 g/mol):

%C %H %N

Calculated: 56.14 6.11 7.27 Found: 56.50 6.02 7.25

#### Example 18

2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[1-(2-diisopropylaminoethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yllphenyl ester. (MAH-3)

To a stirred solution of the 4-[1-(2-diisopropylamino-ethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl]phenol-(0.6 g, 1.78 mmol) and NaOH (0.36 g, 8.89 mmol) in dry CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 mL) at room temperature was added pivaloyl chloride (0.32 g, 2.67 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 5 h and then H<sub>2</sub>O (50 mL) was added. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2x25 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel, using as eluent hexane/EtOAc (7/3) to give a white solid, which was recrystallized from hexane, giving a melting point of 143-144 °C. Yield: 70%.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>35</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (421.58 g/mol)

%C %H %N
Calculated: 74.07 8.37 9.97
Found: 73.67 8.28 10.31

# Example 19

2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[5,6-dichloro-1-(2-dimethylaminoethyl) 1H-benzimidazol-2-yl] phenyl ester. (MAH-7)

To a stirred solution of the 4-[5,6-dichloro-3-(2-dimethylamino-ethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl]phenol (1g, 2.8 mmol) and NaOH ( 0.57 g , 14.2 mmol) in dry CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 mL) at room temperature was added pivaloyl chloride (0.67 g, 5.67 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 5 h and then H<sub>2</sub>O (50 mL) was added. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2x25 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel , eluting with EtOAc to give a white solid, which was recrystallized from hexane, giving a melting point of 140-141 °C. Yield: 59%.

Quantitative AnalysisCalculated for C22H25Cl2N3O2 (434.37 g/mol)%C%H%NCalculated:60.835.809.67

Found: 60.55 6.14 9.63

# Example 20

2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[5,6-dimethyl-3-(2-piperidin-1-yl-ethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl] phenyl ester. (MAH-8)

To a stirred solution of the 4-[5,6-dimethyl-3-(2-dimethylamino-ethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl]phenol (1.2 g, 3.4 mmol) and NaOH (1.17 g, 17.2 mmol) in dry CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (100 mL) at room temperature was added pivaloyl chloride (0.82 g, 6.86 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 5 h and then H<sub>2</sub>O (150 mL) was added. The organic layer was separeted and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2x25 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel, eluting with EtOAc to give a white solid, which was recrystallized from hexane, giving a melting point of 144-145 °C. Yield: 74%.

# Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>35</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (433.59 g/mol):

		%C	%H	%N
Calculated:		74.79	<b>8.14</b> abbas.	. 9.69
Found:	1000	74.86	8.43	9.48

#### Example 21

2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 2-fluoro-4-[1-(2-piperidin-1-yl ethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl] phenyl ester. (MAH-10)

To a stirred solution of the 4-[3-(2-dimethylamino-ethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl]-2-fluorophenol (1.4 g, 4.15 mmol) and NaOH (0.82 g, 20.7 mmol) in dry CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (100 mL) at room temperature was added pivaloyl chloride (1.0 g, 8.29 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 5 h and then H<sub>2</sub>O (150 mL) was added. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2x25 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduce pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel, eluting with EtOAc to give a white solid, which was recrystallized from hexane, giving a melting point of 147-148 °C. Yield: 68%.

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Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>30</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (423.53 g/mol):

%C %H %N

Calculated: 70.90 7.14 9.92 Found: 70.76 7.18 9.98

## Example 22

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester

Initially, 18 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 10 g (0.048 mol) of 2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole in 60 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath. Then, 5.73 g (0.048 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about O°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 8 hours. At the end, 100 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 150 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Finally, after evaporating the solvent under reduced pressure, the product was isolated as a solid with m.p.147-9°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 73%.

Quantitative Analysis:	Calculated for C <sub>18</sub> H		
*	% C % H	% N	
ি প্রান্ত করি Calculated: 🦂	73.45	6.16	9.52
Found:	-73.72	6.30	9.44

# Example 23

2.2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4-chloro-phenyl ester

Initially, 376.2 g (4.76 mol) of pyridine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 116.4 g (0.48 mol) of 2-(3-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole in 750 mL of anhydrous acetone, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and then, 573.5 g (4.76 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at room temperature for 6 hours. At the end, the reaction mixture was poured into water-ice (1.5 L), and the resulting solution was made alkaline with K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>. Finally, the precipitate was filtered and washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, until liquids appear neutral. In this way, the product was obtained as a solid with m.p.189-91°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 71%

Quanti	<u>tative Analysis</u> :	Calculated	l for C₁ <sub>8</sub> H₁	<sub>17</sub> CIN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>
317. (		% C	% H	% N
1.7	Calculated:	65.75	5.21	8.52
*	Found:	65.71	5.28	8.31

# Example 24

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-5-chloro-phenyl ester

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ N \\ H \\ O \\ & & \\ CH_3 \\ CH_3 \\ CH_3 \\ \end{array}$$

Initially, 14 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 10 g (0.041 mol) of 2-(4-chloro-2-hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole in 47 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 4.93 g (0.041 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the resulting mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and, then, at room temperature for 4 hours. After such a time, 45 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off, and the liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 100 mL). Then, the organic phase was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 147-9°C (recrystallized in diisopropyl ether) with a yield of 56 %.

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Found: 65.84 5.29 8.51

# Example 25

1. 1.

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4,6-dichloro-phenyl ester

Initially, 13.5 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 10 g (0.036 mol) of 2-(3,5-dichloro-2-hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole in 45 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath. Then, 4.32 g (0.036 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the adition was completed, the mixture was stirred at O°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 11 hours more. After that, 75 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off, and the liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 100 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Finally, after evaporating the solvent under reduced pressure, the product was isolated as a solid with m.p. 220-2°C (recrystallized in ethanol) with a yield of 67%.

Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>16</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>

% C % H % N Calculated: 59.52 4.44 7.71 Found: 59.86 4.67 7.98

# Example 26

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-6-methoxy-phenyl ester

Initially, 15 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 10 g (0.042 mol) of 2-(2-hydroxy-3-methoxyphenyl)benzimidazole in 51 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 5.02 g (0.042 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and next, at room temperature for 4 hours. Then, 45 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 100 mL). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 158-60°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 82%.

Quantitative Analysis:	 Calcu	lated for C	19H20N2O3
1. 1	% C	% H	% N
Calculated:	70.35	6.21	8.64
Found:	70.74	6.28	8.62

#### Example 27

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5-chloro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester

Initially, 12 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 8 g (0.033 mol) of 2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-5-chlorobenzimidazole in 40 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 3.94 g (0.033 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about O °C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 8 hours. Finally, 50 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 100 mL). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent removed under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 178-80 °C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 49%.

Quantitative Analysis: Ca	alculated for C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>17</sub> Cll	$N_2O_2$	1.
	% C	% H	% N
Calculated:	65.75	5.21	8.52
Found:	65.52	5.42	8.46

# Example 28

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(-5-chloro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-5-diethylamino-

Initially, 6 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 4.5 g (0.014 mol) of 2-(2-hydroxy-4-diethylamino)-5-chlorobenzimidazole in 30 mL of anhydrous  $CH_2CI_2$ , using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 1.89 g (0.016 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the mixture were stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 4 hours. Then, 20 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the filtered liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 50 mL). The organic phase

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was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent removed under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 194-6°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 66%.

Quantitative Analysis:	Calculated for C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>26</sub> ClN <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub>			
	% C	% H	% N	
Calculated:	66.07	6.55	10.51	
Found:	66.12	6.67	10.39	

# Example 29

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5,6-dimethyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester

$$H_3C$$
 $H_3C$ 
 $N$ 
 $O$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 

Initially, 13.5 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 8.71 g (0.037 mol) of 2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-5,6-dimethylbenzimidazole in 45 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 4.4 g (0.037 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the resulting mixture was stirred for about 0°C for 30 minutes, and then, at room temperature for 5 hours. After that, 75 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 200 mL). The organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was isolated as a solid with m.p. 132-4°C (recrystallized in diisopropyl ether) with a yield of 65 %.

Quantitative Analysis:	Calculated for C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>22</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>			
	%C	%H	%N	
Calculated:	74.51	6.88	8.69	
Found:	74.81	7.24	8.69	

#### Example 30

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4-chloro-phenyl ester

Initially, 15 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 7 g (0.027 mol) of 2-(3-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-5-methylbenzimidazole in 50 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and then, 4.49 g (0.037 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and next, at room temperature for 4 hours. After such a time, 50 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered and the remaining liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 100 mL). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 162-4°C (recrystallized in n-hexane/ethyl acetate 1:1) with a yield of 59%.

Quantitative Analysis: Calc	culated for C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>19</sub> Cl	N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	
	% C	% H	% N
Calculated:	66.57	5.59	8.17
Found:	66.52	5.67	8.13

# Example 31

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5,6-dimethyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-diethylaminophenyl ester

$$H_3C$$
 $H_3C$ 
 $H_3C$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 

Initially, 7.5 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 4.15 g (0.013 mol) of 2-(2-hydroxy-4-diethylaminophenyl)-5,6-dimethylbenzimidazole in 25 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and then, 2.43 g (0.020 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 4 hours. After such a time, 25 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off, and the liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 50 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. = 160-2°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 61%.

Quantitative Analysis:	Calculated for C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>31</sub> N			
	% C	% H	% N	
Calculated:	73.25	7.94	10.68	
Found:	73.24	7.63	11.21	

# Example 32

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-phenyl ester

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O_2N & & & \\ N & & & \\ N & & & \\ O & & CH_3 \\ O & & CH_3 \end{array}$$

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Initially, 14 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 10 g (0.039 mol) of 2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-5-nitrobenzimidazole in 50 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and then, 7.09 g (0.059 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at about O°C for 30 minutes, and then, at room temperature for 4 hours. After such a time, 50 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off, and the liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 100 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. = 156-8°C (recrystallized in n-hexane/ethyl acetate 1:1) with a yield of 49%.

Quantitative Analysis:	Calculated for C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O			
	% C	% H	% N	
Calculated:	63.71	5.05	12.38	
Found:	63.81	5.21	12.55	

#### Example 33

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4-chloro-phenyl ester

Initially, 14 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 11 g (0.038 mol) of 2-(3-chloro-6-hydroxyphenyl)-5-nitrobenzimidazole in 47 mL of anhydrous  $CH_2Cl_2$ , using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and then, 4.6 g (0.038 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at about O°C for 30 minutes and next, at room temperature for 4 hours. Then, 75 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the remaining liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 100 mL). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ , the

solvent was removed under reduced pressure, and the product was isolated as a solid with m.p. 248-50 °C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 71%.

Quantitative Analysis:	Calculated for C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>16</sub> ClN <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>			
	% C	% H	% N	
Calculated:	57.84	4.31	11.24	
Found:	57.87	4.35	11.08	

# Example 34

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-6-methyl-phenyl ester

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O_2N & & N \\ & O \\ & H_3C \\ & CH_3 \end{array}$$

Initially, 9 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 6.5 g (0.024 mol) of 2-(2-hydroxy-3-methyl)-5-nitrobenzimidazole in 30 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 2.91 g (0.024 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 8 hours. At the end, 30 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the remaining liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 100 mL). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent removed under reduced pressure, and the product isolated as a solid with m.p. 198-200°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 35%.

Quantitative Analysis:		to the second	Calculated for C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>19</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>		
			% C	% H	% N
Calculated:	٠		64.58	5.42	11.89
Found:			64.76	5.46	11.86

# Example 35

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 5-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-phenyl ester

Initially, 17.5 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 10 g (0.048 mol) of 2-(3-hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole in 60 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and then, 5.74 g (0.048 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at about O°C for 30 minutes and next, at room temperature for 14 hours. At the end, 100 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 125 mL). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was isolated as a solid with m.p. 243-5°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 41%.

Quantitative Analysis:			Calculated for % C % H			C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>18</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	
			•	% C	% H	% N	
Calculated:	11 6	.5	Autografit, og	73.45	6.16	9.52	
Found:	r.		والجرارات الأدام والأ	73.80	6.51	9.39	

#### Example 36

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-6-methoxy-phenyl ester

Initially, 15 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 10 g (0.042 mol) of 2-(3-hydroxy-4-methoxyphenyl)benzimidazole in

50 mL of anhydrous  $CH_2Cl_2$ , using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 5.02 g (0.042 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about O°C for 30 minutes and next, at room temperature for 4 hours. Then, 75 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 100 mL). Finally, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_{4i}$  the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 202-4°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 88%.

Quantitative Analysis:	Calculated for C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>20</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>			
	% C	% H	% N	
Calculated:	70.35	6.21	8.64	
Found:	70.28	6.38	8.29	

# Example 37

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4-nitro-phenyl ester

Initially, 14 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 10 g (0.039 mol) of 2-(5-hydroxy-2-nitro)benzimidazole in 50 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 4.72 g (0.039 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and next, at room temperature for 4 hours. Finally, 100 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 200 ml). The organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was isolated as a solid with m.p. 163-5°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 89%.

Quantitative Analysis:	Calculated for C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>		
	% C	% H	% N
Calculated:	63.71	5.05	12.38
Found:	63.91	5.03	12.36

# Example 38

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(5-chloro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester

Initially, 13,5 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 6 g (0.025 mol) of 2-(3-hydroxyphenyl)-5-chlorobenzimidazole in 45 mL of anhydrous  $CH_2Cl_2$ , using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and then, 4.44 g (0.037 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at about  $O^{\circ}C$  for 30 minutes, and then, at room temperature for 4 hours. After such a time, 45 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off, and the liquid was washed with  $H_2O$  (2 x 100 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ , the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. = 185-7°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 32%.

Quantitative Analysis:	Calculated for C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>		
2001	% C	% H	% N
Calculated:	65.75	5.21	8.52
Found:	65.58	5.07	8.44

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### Example 39

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(5,6-dimethyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester

$$H_3C$$
 $N$ 
 $O$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 

Initially, 13.5 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 8.71 g (0.037 mol) of 2-(3-hydroxyphenyl)-5,6-dimethylbenzimidazole in 45 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 4.4 g (0.037 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and next, at room temperature for 8 hours. Finally, 75 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 100 mL). The organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the sovent evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was isolated as a solid with m.p. 231-3°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 28%.

Quantitative Analysis:	Calculate	ed for C <sub>20</sub> l	$H_{22}N_2O_2$
	% C	% H	% N
Calculated:	74.51	6.88	8.69
Found:	74.81	6.85	8.54

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### Example 40

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester

Initially, 14 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 10 g (0.039 mol) of 2-(3-hydroxyphenyl)-5-nitrobenzimidazole in 47 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 4.72 g (0.039 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about O°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 4 hours. After that, 75 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 100 mL). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was isolated as a solid with m.p. 201-3 °C (recrystallized in methanol) with a yield of 82%.

Quantitative Analysis:	Calculate	ed for C <sub>18</sub> l	1 <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>
	% C	% H	% N
Calculated:	63.71	5.05	12.38
Found:	64.00	5.12	12.28

### Example 41

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4-nitro-phenyl ester

Initially, 7 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 6 g (0.02 mol) of 2-(5-hydroxy-2-nitrophenyl)-5-nitrobenzimidazole in 25 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 2.41 g (0.02 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 4 hours. After such a time, 50 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 100 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 208-10°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 36%.

Quantitative Analysis:	Calcul	ated for C	18H16N4O6
	% C	% H	% N
Calculated:	56.25	4.20	14.58
Found:	56.42	4.17	14.53

#### Example 42

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester

Initially, 18 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 10 g (0.047 mol) of 2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)imidazo[4,5-blpyridine in 60 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 5.71 g (0.047 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 8 hours. After such a time, 60 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 100 mL). The organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was isolated as a solid with m.p. 275-7°C (recrystallized in n-hexane/ethyl acetate 1:1) with a yield of 39%.

Quantitative Analysis:	Calculate	Calculated for C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub>			
	% C	% H	% N		
Calculated:	69.14	5.80	14.23		
Found:	69.49	5.79	14.16		

### Example 43

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-2-yl)-2-methoxy-phenyl ester

Initially, 16.5 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 10 g (0.041 mol) of 2-(4-hydroxy-3-methoxyphenyl)imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine in 55 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 4.99 g (0.041 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and, the, at room temperature for 12 hours. After that, 55 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the remainig liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 100 mL). Then, the organic phase was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>,

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the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product obtained as a solid with m.p. 255-7°C (recrystallized in methanol) with a yield of 38 %.

Quantitative Analysis:	Calculated for C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>19</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>3</sub>			
	% C	% H	% N	
Calculated:	66.45	5.89	12.92	
Found:	66.63	6.00	12.91	

#### Example 44

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester

Initially, 18 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 10 g (0.047 mol) of 2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)imidazo[4,5-blpyridine in 60 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 5.71 g (0.047 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 8 hours. Finally, 60 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered and the remaining liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 100 ml). The organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent removed under reduced pressure, and the product isolated as a solid with m.p. 162-4°C (recrystallized in n-hexane/ethyl acetate 1:1) with a yield of 81%.

Quantitative Analysis:		Calculate	ed for C <sub>17</sub> l	$1_{17}N_3O_2$
	***	% C	% H	% N
Calculated:		69.14	5.80	14.23
Found:		 69.29	5.85	14.17

### Example 45

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester

Initially, 14 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 8 g (0.038 mol) of 2-(3-hydroxyphenyl)imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine in 48 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and then, 4.57 g (0.038 mol) of 2; 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and then, at room temperature for 9 hours. At the end, 48 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 200 mL). The organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent removed under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 204-6°C (recrystallized in n-hexane/ethyl acetate 1:1) with a yield of 57%.

Quantitative Analysis:	Calculated for C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub>			
	% C	% H	% N	
Calculated:	69.14	5.80	14.23	
Found:	69.54	5.82	14.40	

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2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(3H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester

Initially, 10.5 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 6 g (0.028 mol) of 2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)imidazo[4,5-c]pyridine in 35

mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 3.43 g (0.028 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride. Once the addition was complete, the resultant mixture was stirred at about O °C for 30 minutes and next, at room temperature for 12 hours. At the end, 60 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off, and the liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 100 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 240-2 °C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 60%.

Quantitative Analysis:	Calculate	ed for C <sub>17</sub> F	1 <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub>
	% C	% H	% N
Calculated:	69.14	5.80	14.23
. Found:	68.65	6.18	13.87

#### Example 47

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(3H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl)-2-methoxy-phenyl ester

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & &$$

Initially, 15 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 6 g (0.025 mol) of 2-(4-hydroxy-3-methoxyphenyl)imidazo[4,5-c]pyridine in 50 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and then, 4.49 g (0.037 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes and next, at room temperature for 4 hours. After such a time, 50 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered and the remaining liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 100 mL). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent was evaporated under reduced

pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 215-7°C (recrystallized in ethyl acetate) with a yield of 59%.

Quantitative Analysis:	Calculated for C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>19</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>3</sub>			
	% C	% H	% N	
Calculated:	66.45	5.89	12.92	
Found:	66.12	5.86	12.55	

# Example 48

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(3H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester

Initially, 12.5 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution of 7 g (0.033 mol) of 2-(3-hydroxyphenyl)imidazo[4,5-clpyridine in 41 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 3.99 g (0.033 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the mixture was stirred at about O°C for 30 minutes and next, at room temperature for 8 hours. Then, 75 mL of ethyl ether were added to the reaction mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off and the remaining liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 100 ml). The organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was isolated as a solid with m.p. 246-8°C (recrystallized in diisopropyl ether) with a yield of 69%.

Quantitative Analysis:	Calculate	ed for C <sub>17</sub> l	$1_{17}N_3O_2$
	% C	% H	% N
Calculated:	69.14	5.80	14.23
Found:	68.97	5.87	14.78

### Example 49

2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-(5-methyl-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl) phenyl ester. (MAH-5)

To a stirred solution of the 2,2-dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-imidazo[4,5-c]piridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester in acetone (20 ml) was added methyl iodide (5 ml). The mixture was stirred to reflux 18 h. Then the solvent was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the product was triturated and filtrated with EtOAc. The solid was purified by column chromatography on silica gel , eluting with  $CH_2Cl_2$  / MeOH (10/1) to give a white solid, with a melting point of 208-209 °C. Yield: 80%.

Quantitative Analysis	Calculated for C <sub>18</sub> F	1 <sub>19</sub> N3O2	(309.37 g/mol):
	%C	%H	%N
Calculated:	69.88	6.19	13.58
Found:	69.57	5.98	13.26

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#### Example 50

2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-(5-ethyl-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl) phenyl ester, hydrogen oxalate (MAH-9)

$$H_3C$$
 $N$ 
 $N$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 

To a stirred solution of the 5-ethyl-2-(4-hydroxy-phenyl)-1H-imidazo[4,5-c]piridin-5-ium bromide (0.80 g, 2.2 mmol) and NaOH ( 0.44 g , 10.9 mmol) in dry CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 mL) at room temperature was added pivaloyl chloride (0.52 g, 4.4 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 5 h and then H<sub>2</sub>O (50 mL) was added. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ 

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(2x25 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel, eluting with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> / MeOH (20/1) to give an oil, which was isolated as oxalate. The salt was recrystallized from EtOH, giving a melting point of 198-199 °C.Yield: 62%

Quantitative Analysis:	Calculated for	$C_{21}H_{23}N_3O_6$	(413.43 g/mol):
	%C	%H	%N
Calculated:	61.01	5.61	10.16
Found:	60.89	5.56	10.32

# Example 51

2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-(5-benzyl-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl)phenyl ester. (MAH-6)

To a stirred solution of the 2,2-dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-imidazo[4,5-c]piridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester in acetone (20 ml) was added methyl iodide (5 ml). The mixture was stirred to reflux 18 h. Then, the solvent was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the product was triturated and filtrated with EtOAc. The solid was purified by column chromatography on silica gel, eluting with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> / MeOH (10/1) to give a white solid, with a melting point of 227-228 °C. Yield: 80%.

7.6. 26	Quantitativ	e Analysis:	Calculated for	C24H23N3O2 (	385.47 g/mol	):
			- <b>%C</b>	%H	%N	
		Calculated:	74.78	6.01	10.90	•
	,	Found:	74.59	6.09	10.96	

### Example 52

2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[5-(2-piperidin-1-yl ethyl)-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl] phenyl ester. (MAH-11)

To a stirred solution of the 5-(2-piperidin-1-yl-ethyl)-2-(4-hydroxy-phenyl)-1H-imidazo[4,5-c]piridin-5-ium bromide (2.0 g, 6.2 mmol) and NaOH (1.25 g, 30.9 mmol) in dry CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 mL) at room temperature was added pivaloyl chloride (1.52 g, 12.4 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 5 h and then H<sub>2</sub>O (50 mL) was added. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2x25 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel, eluting with acetone / MeOH (10/1) to give a white solid, which was recrystallized from Et<sub>2</sub>O, giving a melting point of 207-208 °C. Yield: 36%

1. 14	Qua	ntitative Analysis:	Calculated for C2	4H30N4O2 (40	06.53 g/mol):
	$\hat{\theta}_{i_1}^{i_1}, \dots, \hat{i}_{i_{l-1}}^{i_{l-1}}$	English Markey Commencer	%C	~ %H	%N
	, ,	Calculated:		7.44	13.78
		Found:	70.65	7.42	13.97

#### Example 53

2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[5-(2-piperidin-1-yl propyl)-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl] phenyl ester, dihydrogen oxalate. (MAH-12)

4-(imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl)phenol (0.5 g, 2.36 mmol) and 1-(3-iodopropyl)piperidine (0.9 g, 3.55 mol) in CH<sub>3</sub>CN at reflux was stirred for 24 h. Then the mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. To a stirred solution of the residue and NaOH (0.47 g , 11.8 mmol) in dry CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 mL) at room temperature was added pivaloyl chloride (0.28 g, 4.72 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 24 h and then H<sub>2</sub>O (50 mL) was added. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2x25 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel, eluting with acetone / MeOH (10/1) to give a colourless oil, which was isolated as oxalate. The salt was recrystallized from EtOH, giving a melting point of 189-190 °C. Yield: 19%

<b>Quantitative Analysis:</b>	Calculated for C	C <sub>29</sub> H <sub>36</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O <sub>10</sub> (6	300.63 g/mol)
	%H	%C	%N
Calculated	6.04	57.99	9.33
Found:	5.78	57.72	9.58

As examples 54 and 55 are more elaborated, and not simply obtained from the phenolic precursor, the full synthesis is described for both compounds.

### Example 54

2, 2-dimethylpropionic acid 4-[5-(3-{4-[Bis-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-methyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-ethyl)-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl]-phenyl-ester (12).

1) 4-(3H-Imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl)-phenol (3)(Scheme 1). To equivalent amounts (500mg, 4.58 mmol) of 3,4-diaminopyridine and 4-hidroxybenzaldehyde (559mg)

$$NH_2$$
 +  $NH_2$  +  $NH_2$  +  $NH_2$  +  $NH_2$  OH  $NH_2$  3 Scheme 1

in MeOH (10 mL), SiO<sub>2</sub> (2.5g) was added. The solvent was evaporated to dryness and the resultant mixture was subjected to microwave irradiation in a domestic microwave oven for ten minutes (550W). The product was purified by silica gel chromatography, being eluted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH (8:2). Compound 3 was obtained as a yellow solid (73%) with a m.p.= 246-8 °C

2) 1-[bis-(4-fluorophenyl)-methyl]-piperazine (6)(Scheme 2). To a stirred solution of

4 (480mg, 2 mmol) in DMSO (10 mL), piperazine **5** (860mg, 10 mmoles) and KI (100mg, 0.5 mmol) in the same solvent (10 mL) was added. Triethylamine (1.4ml, 10 mmol) was added dropwise and the mixture was refluxed for 48 hours. The reaction mixture is poured into saturated solution of NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and extracted with ether (3x50 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and evaporated to dryness. The product was purified by silica gel chromatography, being eluted with hexane/ether (3:1) yielding the compound **6** like a white solid (86%) with a m.p = 90-1°C (Lit. 90-93 °C; S. Gubert, M. Brasó, A. Sacristan, J. Ortiz; Arzneim. Forsh. **1987**, 37(II), 1103)

3) 2-(4-[Bis-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-methyl]-piperazin-1-yl)-ethanol (7)(Scheme 3). To a stirred solution of 6 (200mg, 0.69mmol) in acetonitrile (5mL), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (143mg, 1.03 mmol) was added. Afterwards, 2-bromoethanol (94.9mg, 0.76 mmol) was added dropwise. The mixture was refluxed for 23 hours. The inorganic precipitate was filtered off and the solvent evaporated to dryness. The product was purified by silica gel chromatography, being eluted with ethyl acetate/methanol (4:1) yielding the compound 7 (72%) as a yellow oil.

4) 1-[Bis-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-methyl]-4-(2-chloroethyl)-piperazine (9)(Scheme 3). The compound 7 (3.44g, 10.35 mmol) in thionyl chloride (3.69g, 31.05 mmol) was refluxed for 1/2 hour. The reaction mixture was made basic with NaOH (10%) and extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. The organic phase was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and evaporated to dryness. The product was purified by silica gel chromatography, being eluted with ethyl acetate to afford 9 (85 %) as an oil.

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5) 4-[5-(2-[4-[Bis-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-methyl]-piperazin-1-yl]-ethyl)-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl]-phenol (11)(Scheme 4). Equivalent amounts (8.63 mmol) of compound 3 (1.82g) and compound 9 (3.03g) were dissolved in DMF (90 mL). The reaction mixture was refluxed for 19 hours. The organic solvent was evaporated to dryness. Purification of the reaction mixture by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/methanol 4:1) yielded compound 11 in 44% yield as a yellow solid with a m. p.= 176-7°C.

Quantitative Analysis:	Calculated for	r C <sub>36</sub> H <sub>37</sub> N <sub>2</sub>	$O_2F_2$
	% C	% H	% N
Calculated:	76.17	6.57	4.93
Found:	76.34	6.37	4.71

6) 4-[5-(3-{4-[bis-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-methyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-ethyl)-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl]-phenyl 2, 2-dimethylpropionate (12)(Scheme 4). The compound 11 (1.28g, 2.4 mmol) was dissolved in DMF (50 ml). The solution was heated at 60 °C and NaOH (0.18g, 4.5 mmol) was added. The solution was stirred a few minutes and afterwards pivaloyl chloride (0.54g, 4.5 mmol) was added dropwise. The mixture was refluxed for 18 hours. The reaction mixture was poured in water and extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. The combined organic phases were dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and evaporated to dryness. The product was purified by silica gel chromatography (ethyl acetate/methanol 4:1). The compound 12 was isolated as hydrochloride (76%) with a m.p. = 204-6 °C.

Quantitative Analysis:	Calculated for C <sub>31</sub> H	<sub>29</sub> N <sub>2</sub> OF <sub>2</sub>	
,	% C	% H	% N
Calculated:	77.00	6.04	5.79
Found:	76.84	6.32	5.71

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### Example 55

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-[5-(3-{4-[bis-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-methyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-propyl)-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl]-phenyl ester (14).

1) 3-(4-[Bis-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-methyl]-piperazin-1-yl)-propan-1-ol (8)(Scheme 3). To a stirred solution of 6 (9.59g, 33.25 mmol) in acetonitrile (300 mL), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (6.43 g, 46.55 mmol) was added. Afterwards 3-bromopropanol (5.09g, 36.6 mmol) was added dropwise. The mixture was refluxed for 15 hours. The inorganic precipitate was filtered and the organic solvent was evaporated to dryness. The product was purified by silica gel chromatography, being eluted with ethyl acetate/methanol (4:1) yielding the compound 8 (72%) as an oil.

2) 1-[Bis-(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-4-(3-chloropropyl)piperazine (10)(Scheme 3). The compound 8 (8.27g, 24 mmol) in thionyl chloride (5.71g, 72 mmol) was refluxed for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was made basic with NaOH (10%) and extracted with  $CH_2Cl_2$ . The organic phase was dried over  $Na_2SO_4$ , filtered and evaporated to dryness. The product was purified by silica gel chromatography, being eluted with ethyl acetate to afford 10 (49 %) as an oil.

3) 4-[5-(3-{4-[Bis-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-methyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-propyl)-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl]-phenol (13)(Scheme 5). The compound 3 (1.8g, 8.52 mmol) and compound 10 (3.87g, 7.17 mmol) were dissolved in DMF (80 mL). The reaction mixture was refluxed for 19 hours. The organic solvent was evaporated to dryness. Purification of the reaction mixture by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/methanol 4:1) yielded compound 13 in 43% yield as a yellow solid with a m. p.: 240-3 °C.

Qua	<u>intitative Analysis:</u>	Calculated for C <sub>32</sub> H	131N2OF2	
, ,,,,,,		% C	% H	% N
( · ·	Calculated:	77.24	6.28	5.63
	Found:	77.34	6.17	5.84

4) 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-[5-(3-{4-[bis-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-methyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-propyl)-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl]-phenyl ester (14). The compound 13 (1.63g, 3.02 mmol) was dissolved in DMF (50 ml). The solution was heated at 60°C and NaOH (0.36g, 9.06 mmol) was added. The solution was stirred a few minutes and afterwards pivaloyl chloride (1.09g, 9.06 mmol) was added dropwise. The mixture was refluxed for 18 hours. The reaction mixture was poured in water and extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. The combined organic phases were dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and evaporated to dryness. The product was purified by silica gel

chromatography, (Cl<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>/methanol 9:0.5). The compound **14** was isolated as hydrochloride. (54 %) with a m. p.= 199-201 °C.

Quantitative Analysis:	Calculated for C <sub>37</sub> H <sub>39</sub> N <sub>2</sub> 0	$O_2F_2$	
	% C	% H	% N
Calculated:	76.39	6.76	4.82
Found:	76.34	6.87	4.64

### Example 56

2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1-H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2,3-bis-(2,2-dimethyl-propionyloxy)-phenyl ester

Initially, 13.5 mL of triethylamine were added dropwise to a stirred solution composed of 8.71 g (0.036 mol) of 2-(2,3,4-trihydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole in 45 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, using external cooling with an ice-water bath, and next, 17.28 g (0.144 mol) of 2, 2-dimethylpropionyl chloride were added. Once the addition was completed, the resultant mixture was stirred at about 0°C for 30 minutes, and then, at room temperature for 4 hours. After that, 75 mL of ethyl ether were added to the mixture, the insoluble residue was filtered off, and the liquid was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 100 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the product was obtained as a solid with m.p. 172-4°C (recrystallized in methanol) with a yield of 70%.

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### Quantitative Analysis: Calculated for C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>34</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>6</sub>.

	% C	% H	% N
Calculated:	68.00	6.93	5.66
Found:	68.35	6.80	5.82

# Pharmacological and toxicological tests:

The pharmacological activity of the compounds of formula (I) according to the invention have been verified through the following biological tests, for some of said compounds.

The method employed was based on that described by Bieth, J., Spiess, B. and Wermuth, C.G. (1974), Biochem. Med. 11; 350-357 with some modifications.

The hydrolytic activity of HLE (Sigma, Deisenhofen, Germany) on the peptide substrate MeO-Suc-Ala-Ala-Pro-Val-p-nitroanilide (Sigma) was measured in 96-well F-botton microliter plates. The assay buffer used consisted of 50mM Tris-HCl (pH 8) with 50mM NaCl and 0.01% Brij 35.

The enzyme (0.2 U/ml; 50μl) was preincubated for 15 min at mom temperature in the presence of test compounds or vehicle (DMSO) in a total volume of 100 μl.

The reaction was started by addition of 50  $\mu$ l substrate (0.5mM) and formation of p-nitroanilid was monitored by detection at 406 nm for 10 min.

Percent inhibition of enzyme activity was calculated in comparison to the corresponding vehicle control and the results obtained are mentioned in the following Table.

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# <u>Table</u>

Exemple n°	IC50 IN M
37	5.90 <sup>E</sup> -08
21	6.00 <sup>E</sup> -08
15	6.90 <sup>E</sup> -08
13	8.80 <sup>E</sup> -08
20	1.00 <sup>E</sup> -07
42	1.35 <sup>E</sup> -07
41	1.82 <sup>E</sup> -07
46	2.37 <sup>E</sup> -07
17 1	2.90 <sup>E</sup> -07
1	3.06=-07
18	3.3 <sup>E</sup> -7
5	3.83 <sup>E</sup> -7
45	4.74 <sup>E</sup> -7
10	4.86 <sup>E</sup> -7
48	6.09 <sup>E</sup> -7
50	6.1 <sup>E</sup> -7
52	6.25 <sup>E</sup> -7
40	6.78 <sup>E</sup> -7
9	6.82 <sup>E</sup> -7
56	7.08 <sup>E</sup> -7
35	1.26 <sup>E</sup> -6
43	1.66 <sup>E</sup> -6
22	1.7 <sup>E</sup> -5
27	1.52 <sup>E</sup> -5

Regarding the toxicity it is stated that the most active compounds of formula (I) according to the invention present a low per oral toxicity with  $LD_{50}$  more than 500 mg/kg in mice.

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### Claims

1. Esters of 2,2-dimethylpropionic acid having the general formula (I):

$$X' \xrightarrow{V}_{W} \xrightarrow{N}_{Z'} \xrightarrow{V}_{Y'} \xrightarrow{CH_3}_{CH_3}$$
 (I)

or a pharmacological acceptable salt thereof, where

x and x' represent a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group in C1-C4, an halogen atom or a group nitro;

y and y' represent a hydrogen atom, a group alkyl in C1-C4, a group alkoxy in C1-C4, an halogen atom or a group dialkyl(C1-C4)amino;

z represents a hydrogen atom, a dialkyl(C1-C4)aminoalkyl(C1-C4) group or a piperidinyl-alkyl(C1-C4) group; and

v and w represent a carbon atom bound to a hydrogen atom (CH) or a nitrogen atom substituted or not.

2. Compounds of formula (I) according to claim 1, where

x and/or x' represent the group methyl or nitro, or a chlorine atom;

y and/or y' represent the group methyl, methoxy, nitro or diethylamino, or a chlorine, a bromine or a fluorine atom; and

z represents a group dimethylaminoethyl, dimethylaminopropyl, diisopropylaminoethyl or piperidinyl-ethyl.

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- 3. Compounds of formula (I) according to claim 1, where v or w represents a nitrogen atom substituted by a group methyl, ethyl, benzyl, piperidinyl-ethyl, piperidinyl-propyl, bis(fluorophenyl)methyl-piperazinyl-ethyl or bis(fluorophenyl) methyl-piperazinyl-propyl.
- 4. The following compounds of formula (I) according to claim 1,
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-ethoxy-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2,6-dimethoxy-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-chloro-phenyl ester-
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzoimidazol-2-yl)-2-nitro-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-nitro-6-methoxy-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-chloro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-chloro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-methoxy-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5,6-dimethyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl-ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-methoxy-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5,6-dimethyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2-methoxy-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-6-methoxy-2-nitrophenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[1-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl] phenyl ester.
  - 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 2-bromo-4-[1-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl]phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[1-(2-dimethylaminopropyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl]phenyl ester, dihydrogen oxalate

- 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[1-(2-diisopropylaminoethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl]phenyl ester.
- 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[5,6-dichloro-1-(2-dimethylaminoethyl) 1H-benzimidazol-2-yl] phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[5,6-dimethyl-3-(2-piperidin-1-yl-ethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl] phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 2-fluoro-4-[1-(2-piperidin-1-yl ethyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl] phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4-chloro-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-5-chloro-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4,6-dichloro-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-6-methoxy-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5-chloro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(-5-chloro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-5-diethylamino-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5,6-dimethyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4-chloro-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5,6-dimethyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-diethylaminophenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4-chloro-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-6-methyl-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 5-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-6-methoxy-phenyl ester
- 2.2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4-nitro-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(5-chloro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(5,6-dimethyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-4-nitro-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester

- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-2-yl)-2-methoxy-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 2-(3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(3H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-(3H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl)-2-methoxy-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 3-(3H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl ester
- 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-(5-methyl-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl) phenyl ester.
  - 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-(5-ethyl-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl) phenyl ester, hydrogen oxalate
  - 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-(5-benzyl-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl)phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[5-(2-piperidin-1-yl ethyl)-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl] phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethylpropionic acid 4-[5-(2-piperidin-1-yl propyl)-5H-imidazo[4,5-c] pyridin-
  - 2- dihydrogen oxalate yl] phenyl ester
  - 2, 2-dimethylpropionic acid 4-[5-(3-{4-[bis-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-methyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-ethyl)-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl]-phenyl-ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-[5-(3-{4-[bis-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-methyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-propyl)-5H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-yl]-phenyl ester
  - 2,2-Dimethyl-propionic acid 4-[(1-H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-2,2-dimethyl-propionyloxy]-phenyl ester
  - 5. Esters of 2,2-dimethylpropionic acid having the general formula (I) according to claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, as having an inhibitory activity of elastase.
  - 6. Pharmaceutical compositions containing at least one ester of 2,2-dimethylpropionic acid of formula (I) according to claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

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7. Pharmaceutical compositions according to claim 6, in which the quantity of ester of formula (I) is such that the dose level to be administered is comprised between 0,001 and 10 mg/kg.

#### INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Internatic pplication No PCT/IB-01/00327

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 7 C07D235/12 C07D471/04 A6: //(C07D471/04,235:00,221:00) A61K31/4184 A61K31/4188

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

#### B. FIELDS SEARCHED

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)} \\ IPC & 7 & CO7D & A61K \end{array}$ 

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the International search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

CHEM ABS Data, WPI Data, EPO-Internal, PAJ

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

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X Fur	ther documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	X Patent family members are listed	in annex.
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	mailing address of the ISA	Authorized officer	
	European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL – 2280 HV Rijswljk Tel. (+31–70) 340–2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31–70) 340–3016	Scruton-Evans, I	

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